

# Biomolecules

## Question1

A carbohydrate (*A*), when treated with dilute HCl in alcoholic solution gives two isomers (*B*) and (*C*). *B* on reaction with bromine water gives a monocarboxylic acid '*Z*' and '*C*' is a ketohexose. What is *A* ?

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Options:

A.

Starch

B.

Maltose

C.

Sucrose

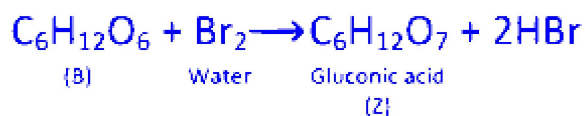
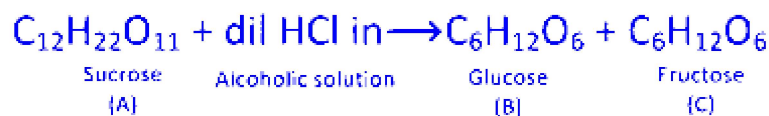
D.

Lactose

**Answer: C**

**Solution:**

The reaction involved is as follows,



## Question2

Which of the following hormones is an example of polypeptide?

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Options:

A.

Epinephrine

B.

Insulin

C.

Estrogen

D.

Androgen

**Answer: B**

**Solution:**

The correct answer is:

**Option B: Insulin**

**Explanation:**

- **Polypeptide hormones** are made up of chains of amino acids.
- **Insulin** is a classic example — it's composed of two peptide chains (A and B chains) linked by disulfide bonds.
- **Epinephrine** is a **catecholamine** (derived from the amino acid tyrosine).
- **Estrogen** and **androgen** are **steroid hormones** derived from cholesterol.

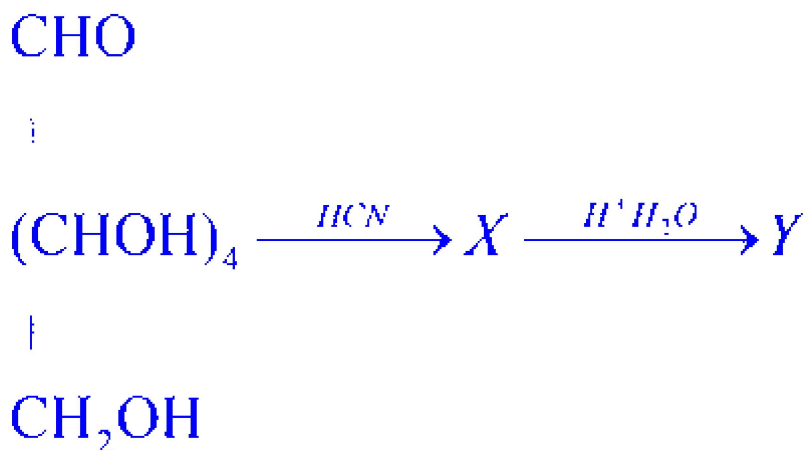
Hence, **Insulin** is the **polypeptide hormone** among the options.

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### Question3

What is the IUPAC name of the product *Y* in the given reaction sequence?



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**Options:**

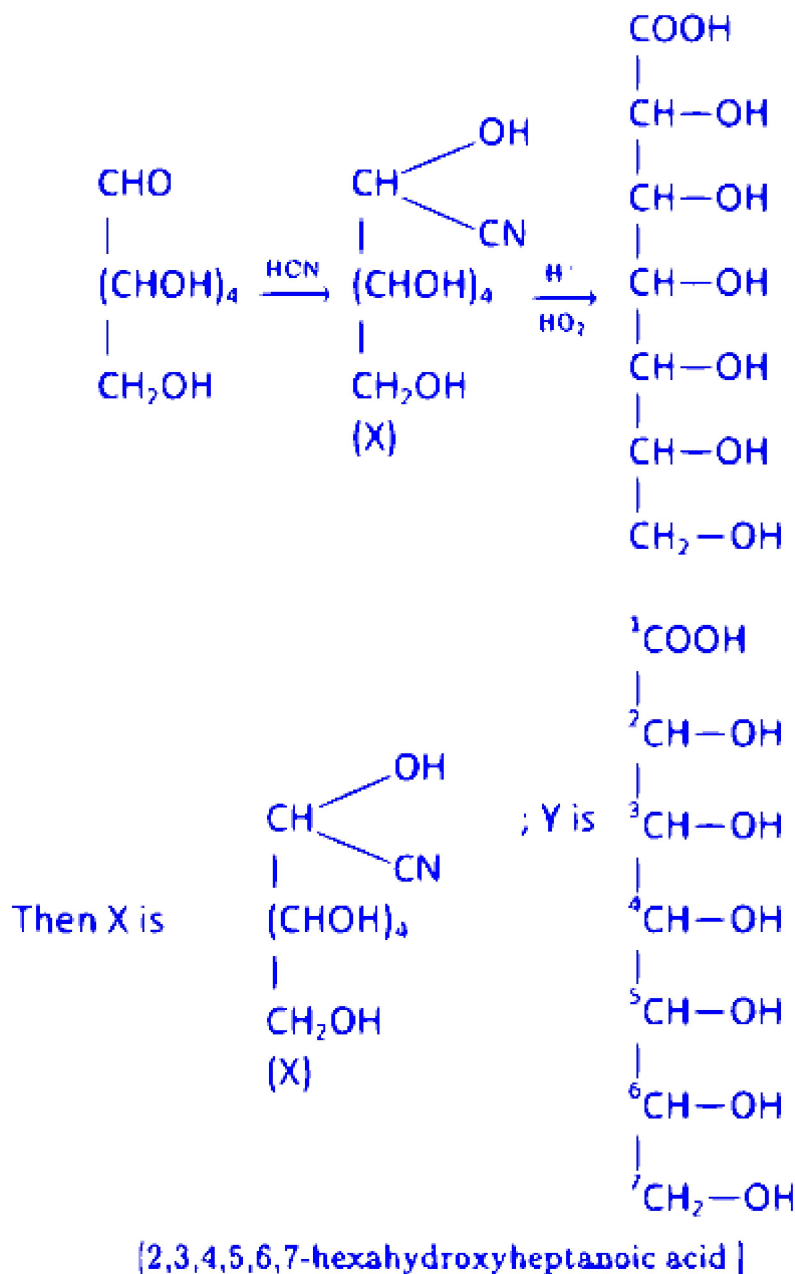
- A. 2,3,4,5,6,7 - hexahydroxyheptanoic acid
- B. 2,3,4,5,6 - pentahydroxyhexanoic acid
- C. 3,4,5-trihydroxyheptanoic acid
- D. 3,4,5 - trihydroxyhexanoic acid

**Answer: A**

**Solution:**

The reaction will take place as follows





## Question4

Two statements are given below :

- I. Milk sugar is disaccharide of  $\alpha$ -D-galactose and  $\beta$ -D-glucose
- II. Sucrose is disaccharide of  $\alpha$ -D-glucose and  $\beta$ -D-fructose

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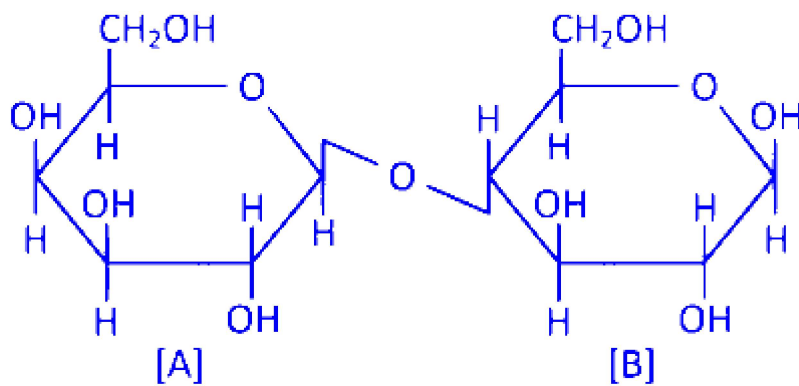
Options:

- A. Both statements I and II are correct.
- B. Both statement I and II are incorrect.
- C. Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect.
- D. Statement I is incorrect but statement II is correct.

**Answer: D**

### Solution:

Statement *I* is incorrect but statement *II* is correct. The correct form of statement *I* is, Lactose commonly known as milk sugar is made up of  $\beta$ -D-galactose (*A*) and  $\beta$ -D-glucose (*B*).



## Question5

Which of the following vitamin is also called pyridoxine?

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**Options:**

- A. B<sub>6</sub>
- B. B<sub>12</sub>
- C. B<sub>2</sub>
- D. B<sub>1</sub>

**Answer: A**

### Solution:



Vitamin B<sub>6</sub> is also called as pyridoxine.

Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> is also called as cyanocobalamin.

Vitamin B<sub>2</sub> is also called as Riboflavin.

Vitamin B<sub>1</sub> is also called as Thiamine.

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## Question6

Cellulose is a polysaccharide and is made of

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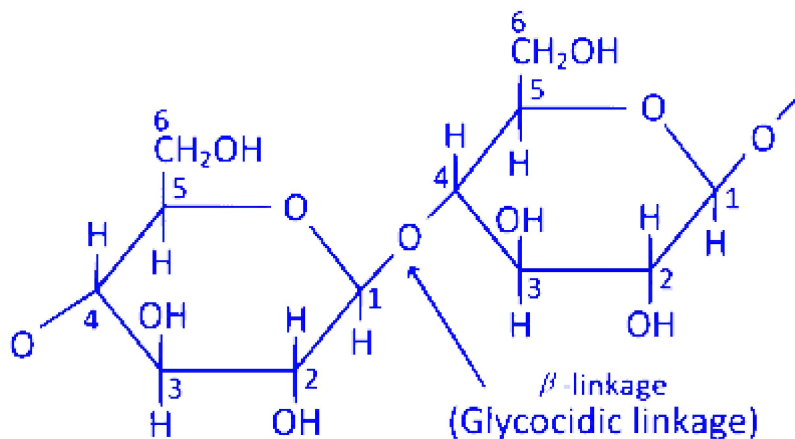
**Options:**

- A.  $\beta$ -D-glucose units joined through 1,4-glycosidic linkages
- B.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose units joined through 1,4-glycosidic linkages
- C.  $\alpha$  – D-glucose units joined through 1,6-glycosidic linkages
- D.  $\beta$ -D-glucose units joined through 1,6-glycosidic linkages

**Answer: A**

**Solution:**

Cellulose is a polysaccharide and it is made of  $\beta$ -D glucose units joined through 1, 4-glycosidic linkage.



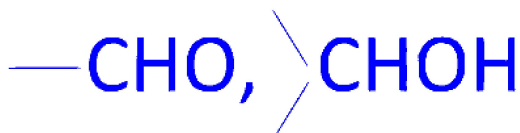
## Question7

The functional groups involved in the conversion of glucose to gluconic acid and gluconic acid to saccharic acid respectively are

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Options:

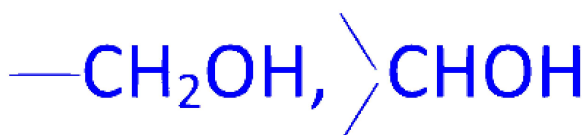
A.



B.  $-\text{CHO}$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$

C.  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{CHO}$

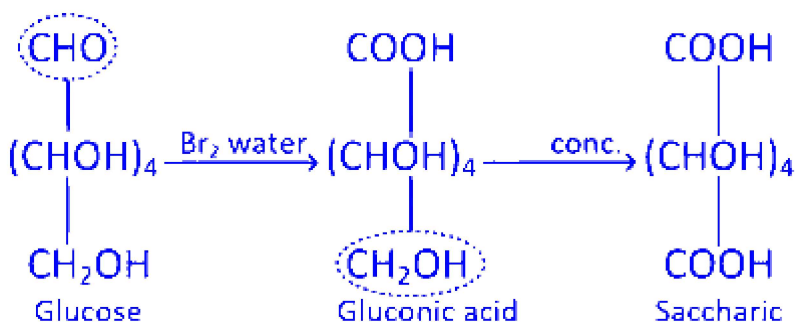
D.



Answer: B

Solution:

Glucose is converted to gluconic acid by oxidation with  $\text{Br}_2$  water and to saccharic acid when oxidation is carried by conc.  $\text{HNO}_3$ . The reaction is as follows



Functional groups involved are  $-\text{CHO}$  and  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ .



## Question8

The functional group present in asparagine, a non-essential amino acid, are

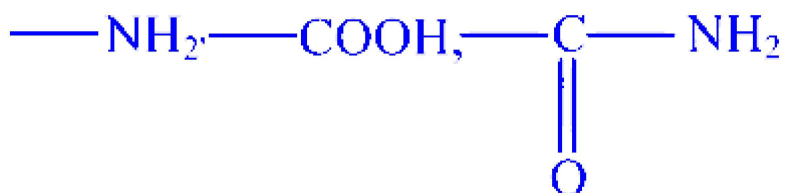
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Options:

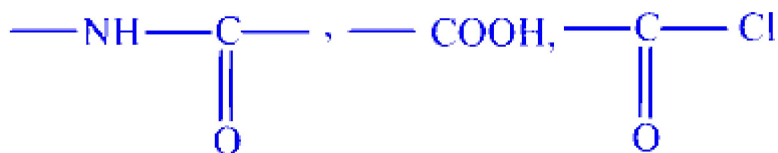
A.



B.



C.



D.

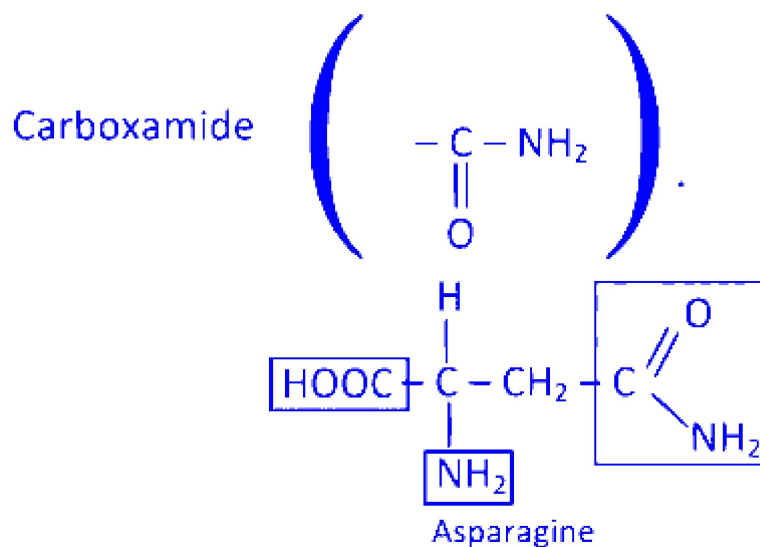


**Answer: B**

**Solution:**

The asparagine amino acid consists of an alpha-amino group ( $-\text{NH}_2$ ), an alpha carboxylic group ( $-\text{COOH}$ ) and a side chain of





## Question9

Which of the following is the incorrect statement about maltose?

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Options:

- A. It is a reducing sugar
- B. It is composed of two  $\alpha$ -D-glucose units
- C. It is composed of one  $\beta$ -D-glucose and one  $\beta$ -D-galactose unit
- D. It has 1, 4-glycosidic linkage

**Answer: C**

**Solution:**

The incorrect statement about maltose is given in option (c) because it is composed of 2 molecules of  $\alpha$ -D-glucose.

